Venn Diagrams and Conditional Probability

New Terms:

Conditional Probability is the probability of an event occurring given that another event has occurred

$$P(A|B) = \text{probability of } A$$
, given B (has occurred)
 $P(B|A) = \text{probability of } B$, given A (has occurred)

To solve conditional probability problems:

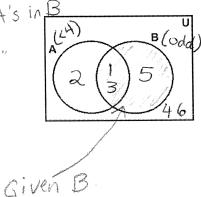
ONLY LOOK AT THE "GIVEN EVENT" to find your numerator (# of favorable events) and your denominator (total # of events)

Example 1: When you roll a six – sided die, if Event A is rolling a number less than 4, and Event B is rolling an odd number, what is P (A|B)?

d number, what is P (A|B)?

P (A|B) =
$$\frac{\# \text{ Want}}{\text{total}\#} \rightarrow B \text{ b/c'Given''}$$

B blc'Given''



24 children play both

Example 2: At a music camp, we observe that 36 children play piano, 32 children play guitar, and 24 children play both the piano and guitar. There is a total of 50 children at this music camp. What is the probability that a child plays piano, given that the child plays guitar?

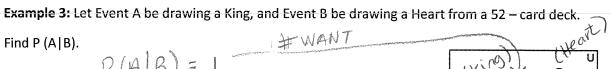
Sometimes you need to use logic to figure out how many items go in each section.

5.
$$P(Piano|guitar)$$
 or $P(A|B) = 24$

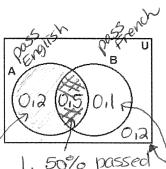
$$= 24$$

3. 32 children

32 children /
$$\frac{32}{31}$$
 play guitar / $\frac{3}{31}$ 4. total 50 children $\frac{3}{31}$ $\frac{3$



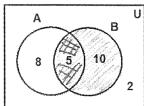




Example 4: At Beaconsfield High School, 70% of the students passed their English exam, 60% of the students passed their French exam, and 50% of the students passed both their English and French exam. What is the probability that a student passes their French exam, given that the student passed their English exam?

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Example 5: Given the Venn Diagram below, find P (A|B).



$$P(A|B) = \frac{5}{15}$$
 $= \frac{1}{3}$